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APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE		FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/844,959	04/27/2001	Mikhail Rodionovich Baklanov	IMEC100.001DV1	1445	
20995	7590 02/27/2002				
KNOBBE MARTENS OLSON & BEAR LLP			EXAMINER		
SIXTEENT		TRINH, HOA B			
NEWPORT	BEACH, CA 92660		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			2814		
		DATE MAILED: 02/27/2002			

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	,	Application No.		Applicant(s)	,			
		09/844,959		BAKLANOV ET AL.				
Offic	e Action Summary	Examiner		Art Unit	 -			
_		Vikki H Trinh		2814				
The MA Period for Reply	ILING DATE of this communication app	ears on the cove	r sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
THE MAILING - Extensions of time after SIX (6) MON - If the period for re; - If NO period for re; - Failure to reply wit - Any reply received earned patent term	D STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. If may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 THS from the mailing date of this communication. Thy specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply ply is specified above, the maximum statutory period whin the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, by the Office later than three months after the mailing adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	6(a). In no event, how within the statutory min ill apply and will expire cause the application t	ever, may a reply be tim nimum of thirty (30) days SIX (6) MONTHS from o become ABANDONEI	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communi D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	ication.			
Status 1) Respon	sive to communication(s) filed on							
			nal					
•	is application is in condition for allowa				rite ie			
	n accordance with the practice under t				1113 13			
4) Claim(s)	1-10 is/are pending in the application							
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.								
5) Claim(s)	is/are allowed.							
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-10</u> is/are rejected.								
7) Claim(s)	is/are objected to.							
8) Claim(s)	are subject to restriction and/or	election require	ment.					
Application Paper	rs							
9) The speci	fication is objected to by the Examiner							
10)∐ The drawi	ng(s) filed on is/are: a) accep	ted or b)□ object	ed to by the Exar	miner.				
Applicar	nt may not request that any objection to the	e drawing(s) be he	ld in abeyance. Se	ee 37 CFR 1:85(a):				
11)☐ The propo	osed drawing correction filed on	is: a)□ approv	ed b)⊡ disappro	ved by the Examiner.				
If approv	ved, corrected drawings are required in rep	ly to this Office ac	tion.					
12)☐ The oath	or declaration is objected to by the Exa	aminer.						
Priority under 35	U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120							
13) Acknowle	edgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 3	5 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).				
a)∏ All b)∣	☐ Some * c)☐ None of:							
1. <u></u> □ C€	rtified copies of the priority documents	s have been rece	eived.					
2.☐ C€	rtified copies of the priority documents	have been rece	eived in Applicati	on No				
_	pies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bur tached detailed Office action for a list (eau (PCT Rule	17.2(a)).	_	€			
	Igment is made of a claim for domestic		-		ication).			
	translation of the foreign language pro		7					
•	dgment is made of a claim for domesti	• •						
Attachment(s)								
	nces Cited (PTO-892) erson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) osure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) <u>2</u> .	4) 5) 6)		r (PTO-413) Paper No(s) Patent Application (PTO-152)				
J.S. Patent and Trademark Office	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \							

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

1. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

2. Claims 1-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

The preambles of independent claims 1 and 7 include both a device and a method, thereby resulting in a confusion for said claims and their respective dependent claims 2-6, 8-10. Because it is not clear whether applicants intend to claim the device or the method in the present application.

Claim 1, line 5, "the organic" lack antecedent basis.

Double Patenting

3. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

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4. Claims 1-10 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-12 of U.S. Patent No. 6,245,489 Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the step of forming a patterned first hard mask layer in the present application is essentially the same as the one in the patent.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless --

- (a) the invention was known or used by others in this country, or patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country, before the invention thereof by the applicant for a patent.
- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- (e) the invention was described in a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent, or on an international application by another who has fulfilled the requirements of paragraphs (1),
- (2), and (4) of section 371(c) of this title before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent.

An anticipation under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) or 102(e) is established when a single prior art reference discloses, either expressly or under principles of inherency, each and every element of a claimed invention. See RCA Corp. v. Applied Digital Data Systems, Inc., 730 F.2d 1440, 221 USPQ 385 (Fed. Cir. 1984).

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It is well settled that the law of anticipation does not require that the reference teach what appellant is teaching or has disclosed, but only that the claims on appeal "read on" something disclosed in the reference, i.e., all limitations of the claims are found in the reference. See Kalman v. Kimberly Clark Corp., 713 F.2d 760, 218 USPQ 781 (Fed. Cir. 1083). Moreover, it is not necessary for the applied reference to expressly disclose or describe a particular element or limitation of a rejected claim word for word as in the rejected claim so long as the reference inherently discloses that element or limitation. See, for example, Standard Havens Products Inc. v. Gencor Industries Inc., 953 F.2d 1360, 21 USPQ2d 1321 (Fed. Cir. 1991).

2. Claims 1-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Kessler et al. (5,110,712).

Kessler et al. (5,110,712) discloses an IC having an interconnect 16, 20, 18, 40, 42. See figures 2-5.

Conclusion

5. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Chiang et al. (6,309,956), Noguchi (6,232,117), and Lee et al. (6,319,824), each discloses an IC having an interconnect. See entire documents.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Vikki H Trinh whose telephone number is 703-308-8238. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon.-Tues, Thurs.-Fri.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Olik Chaudhuri can be reached on 703-306-2794. The fax phone numbers for the

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organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703-308-7722 for regular communications and 703-308-7724 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-0956.

Vikki Trinh

February 25, 2002

Howard Weiss
Patent Examiner